Rajiv Awas Yojana

3559. MS. MABEL REBELLO :
DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY :

Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether as part of 100 day agenda her Ministry has to launch Rajiv Awas Yojana which apart from providing property rights to slum dwellers and urban poor will provide basic amenities like water supply, sewerage, drainage, internal and approach roads, street lighting and social infrastructure facilities in slum and low income settlements;

(b) if so, whether the Ministry has estimated a cost of Rs. 4500 crore plan;

(c) if so, the States/places where the scheme would be introduced; and

(d) by what time work on this project would start?

THE MINISTER OF HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION (KUMARI SELJA) : (a) to (d) Yes, Sir. The Government has decided to introduce a new scheme called Rajiv Awas Yojana for slum dwellers and the urban poor. Rajiv Awas Yojana would extend support to States that are willing to assign property rights to people living in slum areas for provision of housing and basic amenities like water supply, sewerage, drainage, internal and approach roads, street lighting and social infrastructure facilities in slums. Ministry is understood to formulate the scheme in 100 days. The requirement of finances and budgetary allocation and the time frames would be projected as a part of this formulation.

Survey of slum dwellers and employment schemes

†3560. SHRI PRABHAT JHA :
SHRI PRAKASH JAVADEKAR :

Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government undertakings the work of survey of the people living in slums in cities;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) the basis of urban employment schemes?

THE MINISTER OF HOUSING AND URBAN POVERTY ALLEVIATION (KUMARI SELJA) : (a) to (c) The Census of India, 2001 conducted enumeration of slum population in 640 cities and towns with population of 50,000 or more. Subsequently, at the request of the Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation, the Registrar General of India conducted enumeration of slum population in 1,103 towns with population between 20,000 and 50,000, which revealed that the slum population in these

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.